

Reynolds Mirth Richards & Farmer LLP



## Wills & Estate Planning Thursday, May 27, 2021

### WILLS & ESTATE PLANNING



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### **Today's Presentation**

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Background and Basics
- 3. Survey Questions
- 4. Q&A



### Importance of Estate Planning

- During Illness
  - Enduring Power of Attorney
  - Personal Directive
- After death
  - Will





# If your spouse/parent/child is in a serious accident tomorrow

- Who will pay his/her mortgage?
- Who will apply for his/her disability insurance?
- Who will pay utilities and taxes?
- Who will look after their dependents?
- What authority do you have to do so?



#### **Enduring Power of Attorney**

- Appoint an "Attorney" to deal with financial matters
- Springing or Immediate
- Appoint those you trust to handle your finances
- Power to:
  - support spouse and children
  - sell land



#### **Personal Directive**

- Appoint "Agent" to deal with health care/personal matters
- Takes effect on mental incapacity
- Appoint those best able to make personal decisions for you
- Power to decide where you live, activities, make medical decisions
- Deal with vegetative state, medical interventions, organ donation



#### Alternative to EPA and PD

- Adult Guardianship and Trusteeship Act
- Appoint a Supported Decision Maker/Co-Decision Maker/Guardian and Trustee
- Increased costs legal fees
- Public Guardian interviews person



#### **Guardianship and Trusteeship**

- Need to account as the court directs
- Costs for accounting legal fees and may need to hire

accountant

- No control over appointment
- Family is now in court system





#### Importance of Having a Will

- Types of Will:
  - formal
  - holograph





#### **Personal Representative**

- Personal Representative is the general name in the legislation for someone administering an estate:
  - When there is a Will, called an Executor
  - When there is no Will, called an Administrator
  - When there are trusts set up, called a Trustee



#### **Duties of an Executor**

- An executor must perform the role of executor:
  - honestly and in good faith
  - according to the deceased's intentions and the Will
  - with care, diligence and skill that a person of ordinary prudence would exercise in comparable circumstances where a fiduciary(trust) relationship exists
  - distribute the estate as soon as practicable
- An executor is a Trustee and is governed by the Trustee Act (Alberta)
- Professionals are held to a higher standard of skill



#### **Duties of an Executor**

- Funeral Arrangements
- Identifies assets and debts, transfer to the name of the estate
- Ensure that all assets are located people may 'secret' away assets. Having the deceased write up a list of assets to provide to you before they die is the easiest way to have a comprehensive list
- Control, responsibility, maintenance of assets



#### **Duties of an Executor**

- Determines distribution instructions in Will, carries out those instructions
- Reports and accounts to beneficiaries
- Deals with tax filings (final return, T3 trust returns, CRA Clearance Certificate)
- Deals with litigation if conflict between beneficiaries



#### 3. TOP SURVEY QUESTIONS

- i. Do I need to have an executor? Can I have more than one?
- ii. What assets are governed (or not governed) by a Will?
- iii. What happens to my estate if I die without a Will?



## i. Do I need to have an executor? Can I have more than one?

- You can appoint more than one Executor in your Will, but keep in mind the practicalities of having more than one person administering your estate
- Your executor(s) can be a family member, friend, professional or corporate trustee



## Side note: What happens if the Executor cannot act?

- Determines distribution instructions in Will, carries out those instructions
- Reports and accounts to beneficiaries
- Deals with tax filings (final return, T3 trust returns, Clearance Certificates)
- Deals with litigation if conflict between beneficiaries



#### ii) What assets are governed by a Will?

- What passes under a Will?
  - Property specifically named in Will
  - Property solely in deceased's name
  - Assets with no designated beneficiary
- What does not pass under a Will?
  - Joint assets (property (land), some bank accounts)
  - Assets with designated beneficiaries (eg. life insurance, RRSP, TFSA, pensions)



#### iii) What happens if I die without a Will?

- Application to appoint administrator
- Intestate Succession
  - If spouse and all children are of that relationship, all to spouse
  - If children of a different relationship, the spouse receives the greater of \$150,000.00 or 50% of the estate and residue will be divided between the children

#### 4. Live Q & A

Use the chat function to submit your questions

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#### Call to Action!

- Choose advisor(s)
  - Attorney (EPA)
  - Agent (PD)
  - Executor (Will)
- Ensure you and your family are prepared





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### Thank you!



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